SYLLABUS

B.Sc. Part-I (Semester-I and II) Subject-Zoology

(Session 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20)

Semester-I

| THEORY | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| External Marks | Internal Assessment | | | | |
| 40 | 15 (Attendance: 3 + Assignment: 6 + House Test 6) 15 (Attendance: 3 + Assignment: 6 + House Test 6) | | | | |
| 40 | | | | | |
| PRACTICAL | | | | | |
| 40 | | | | | |
| Total Marks (Semester-I) | | | | | |
| | 80 Marks | | | | |
| | 40 Marks | | | | |
| Internal Assessment pertaining to Theory Paper I & II | | | | | |
| | : 150 Marks | | | | |
| | External Marks 40 40 PRACTION 40 Marks (Semonth) | | | | |

Semester-II

| Somester 11 | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|--|--|
| THEORY | | | | |
| | External Marks | Internal Assessment | | |
| Paper-I: Biodiversity - II | 40 | 15 (Attendance: 3 + Assignment: 6 + House Test 6) | | |
| Paper-II: Ecology | 40 | 15 (Attendance: 3 + Assignment: 6 + House Test 6) | | |
| PRACTICAL | | | | |
| Pertaining to Theory Paper-I and Theory Paper-II: | 40 | | | |
| Total Marks (Semester-II) | | | | |

| Theory | | 80 Marks |
|---|---|-----------|
| Practical | | 40 Marks |
| Internal Assessment pertaining to Theory Paper I & II | | 30 Marks |
| Total | : | 150 Marks |

Note:

- The number of teaching hours per week will be three for each theory paper and three for 1) each practical in every semester. In all, there will be 12 teaching hours per week covering both theory and practical requirements. (Six teaching hours for theory and Six teaching hours for practical per week)
- There will be one Practical paper of 3 hours pertaining to the theory papers I & II in each semester. The timing of practical examination will be 9.00 am to 12.00 noon.

SEMESTER-I

PAPER-I: CELL BIOLOGY

Max. Marks: 55Time Allowed: 3 hoursPass marks: 35%Lectures to be delivered: 45Theory-40(Each of 45 minutes duration)

Internal Assessment: 15

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 8 short-answer type questions (8 to 10 lines) which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry 16 marks in all.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each section A and B and the entire section C, which is compulsory.

SECTION-A

CELL BIOLOGY

I. Methods in Cell Biology : Principles of light and electron microscopes,

fixation and fixatives, staining techniques

(single and double).

II. Plasma membrane : Structure, osmosis, active and passive

transport, endocytosis and exocytosis.

SECTION-B

III.Organisation of Cell : Extra nuclear and nuclear ultra structure and

functions of cell organelles.

(a) Endoplasmic reticulum : Structure, types and associated enzymes.

(b) Mitochondria : Structure, mitochondrial enzymes and the role of

mitochondria in respiration.

(c) Golgi Complex : Structure and functions.

(d) Ribosomes : Types of ribosomes, their structure and

functions.

(e) Lysosomes : Polymorphism and their function.

(f) Centrosome : Structure and functions.

(g) Nucleus : Structure and functions of nuclear

membrane, nucleolus and chromosomes.

PAPER-II: BIODIVERSITY

Max. Marks: 55Time Allowed: 3 hoursPass marks: 35%Lectures to be delivered: 45Theory-40(Each of 45 minutes duration)

Internal Assessment: 15

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 8 short-answer type questions (8 to 10 lines) which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry 16 marks in all.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each section A and B and the entire section C, which is compulsory.

SECTION-A

Type Study-I (Protozoa to Porifera)

1. Protozoa:

a. Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance of the following:

Entamoeba, Trypanosoma, Giardia, Noctiluca, Eimeria, Opalina, Vorticella, Balantidium and Nyctotherus.

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Amoeba, Paramecium and Plasmodium. Introduction to Parasitic Protozoa

2. Porifera:

a. Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance of the following:

Grantia, Euplectella, Hyalonema and Spongilla.

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Sycon

SECTION: B

Type Study-II (Coelenterata to Annelida)

3. Coelenterata:

a. Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance of the following:

Hydra, Sertularia, Plumularia, Obelia, Tubularia, Bougainvillea, Porpita, Velella, Physalia, Rhizostoma, Millipora, Aurelia, Alcyonium, Tubipora, Zoanthus, Metridium, Madrepora, Favia, Fungia and Astrangia

b. Detailed study of the following animal types: *Obelia*

4. Platyhelminthes:

a. Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance of the following:

Dugesia, Schistosoma and Echinococcus.

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Fasciola, Taenia

5. Aschelminthes:

a. Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance of the following:

Ascaris, Oxyuris and Wuchereria

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Ascaris, Parasitic adaptations in Helminths

6. Annelida:

a. Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance of the following:

Nereis, Polynoe, Eunice, Arenicola, Aphrodite, Amphitrite, Chaetopterus, Tubifex and Pontobdella.

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Pheretima (Earthworm)

PRACTICAL PAPER (Pertaining to paper I & II)

Max. Marks: 40 Time Allowed: 3 hours
Pass marks: 35%

- 1. Classification upto orders with ecological notes and economic importance of the following:
- **A. Protozoa:** (a) Examination of cultures of *Euglena* and *Paramecium*.
 - (b) Slides: Amoeba, Euglena, Trypansoma, Noctiluca, Eimeria, Monocystis, Paramecium (Binary fission and conjugation), Opalina, Vorticella, Balantidium, Nyctotherus & Polystomella.
- **B. Porifera:** Specimens: Sycon, Grantia, Euplectella, Hyalonema, Spongilla and Euspongia.
- C. Coelenterata:

 (a) Specimens: Porpita, Velella, Physalia, Aurelia, Rhizostoma, Metridium, Millipora, Alcyonium, Tubipora, Zoanthus, Madrepora, Favia, Fungia and Astrangia.
 - (b) Slides: *Hydra* (W.M.), *Hydra* with buds, *Obelia* (colony and medusa), *Sertularia*, *Plumularia*, *Tubularia*, *Bougainvillea* and *Aurelia*.
- **D. Platyhelminthes:** (a) Specimens: Dugesia, Fasciola, *Taenia* and *Echinococcus*.
 - (b) Slides: Miracidium, Sporocyst, Redia, Cercaria of *Fasciola*, Scolex and Proglottids of *Taenia* (mature and gravid)
- **E. Aschelminthes** : Ascaris (male and female), Trichinella and Ancylostoma.
- **F. Annelida** : Specimens: *Pheretima, Nereis, Heteronereis, Polynoe, Eunice, Aphrodite, Chaetopterus, Arenicola, Tubifex* and *Pontobdella*.
- 2. Study of the following permanent stained preparations:
 - A. L.S. and T.S. Sycon, Gemmules, Spicules and Spongin fibres of a sponge.
 - B. T.S. *Hydra* (Testis and ovary region)
 - C. T.S. Fasciola (Different regions)
 - D. T.S. *Ascaris* (Male and Female)
 - E. T.S. *Pheretima* (Pharyngeal and typhlosolar regions), setae, septal nephridia, spermathecae and ovary

Punjabi University, Patiala, Syllabus B.Sc. Part-I (Semester I & II) Subject - Zoology Session: 2017-18, 2018-19 & 2019-20

3. Preparation of the following slides:

Preparation of permanent whole mount stained in borax carmine : *Hydra*, *Obelia*, *Sertularia*, *Plumularia* and *Bougainvillea*.

4. Major dissection: *Pheretima* (Earthworm) : Digestive, reproductive and nervous systems.

5. Cell Biology:

Study of permanent slides of Mitosis and Meiosis

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRACTICAL PAPER

- 1. Candidates will be required to submit their original note-books containing record of their laboratory work initiated with date by their teachers at the time of practical examination.
- 2. Students must be taken out for short excursion to the Zoological gardens, sea shores and hill stations to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3. Practical examination shall be held in one session from 9.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon.
- 4. Practical examination is to be conducted by two external examiners.

Max. Marks: 40 Time Allowed: 3 hours Pass Marks: 35% 1. Museum specimens: Protozoa to Annelida. 5 specimens for identification, classification and short morphological note. 15 2. Study of the permanent slides from Protozoa to Annelida. 3 slides for identification with emphasis on identification characters. 6 3. Preparation of the stained permanent slide. 4 5 4. Only diagram of systems & explain to examiner. 5. Viva-Voce 5 6. Practical note book 5

SEMESTER-II PAPER-I: BIODIVERSITY

Max. Marks: 55Time Allowed: 3 hoursPass marks: 35%Lectures to be delivered: 45Theory-40(Each of 45 minutes duration)

Internal Assessment: 15

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 8 short-answer type questions (8 to 10 lines) which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry 16 marks in all.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each section A and B and the entire section C, which is compulsory.

SECTION-A

- I. Type Study (Arthropoda to Hemichordata):
- 1. Arthropoda:
- a. Classification upto orders with ecological notes and economic importance (if any) of the following:

Peripatus, Prawn, Lobster, Cancer (Crab) Sacculina, Eupagurus (Hermit crab), Lepas, Balanus, Apis, Lepisma (Silver fish), Schistocerca (Locust), Poecilocerus (AK Grasshopper), Gryllus (Cricket), Mantis (Praying Mantis), Cicada, Forficula (Earwig), Dragon fly, termite queen, bug, moth, beetle, Polistes, (Wasp), Bombyx (Silk moth), Millipede, Scolopendra (Centipede), Palamnaeus (Scorpion), Aranea (Spider) and Limulus (King crab).

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Periplaneta (cockroach), Prawn and Social organizations in insects (honey bee and termite)

SECTION-B

2. Mollusca:

a. Classification upto orders with ecological notes and economic importance (if any) of the following:

Chiton, Anodonta, Mytilus, Ostrea, Cardium, Pholas, Solen (Razor fish), Pecten,

Punjabi University, Patiala, Syllabus B.Sc. Part-I (Semester I & II) Subject - Zoology Session: 2017-18, 2018-19 & 2019-20

Haliotis, Patella, Aplysia, Doris, Limax, Loligo, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus shell and Dentalium.

b. Detailed study of the following animal types: *Pila*

3. Echinodermata:

a. Classification upto orders with ecological notes and economic importance (if any) of the following:

Echinus, Cucumaria, Ophiothrix and Antedon.

b. Detailed study of the following animal types: *Asterias* (Starfish) and Echinoderm larvae

4. Hemichordata

a. Classification upto orders with ecological notes and economic importance (if any) of the following:

Balanoglossus

b. Detailed study of the following animal types:

Balanoglossus: External characters and affinities.

PAPER-II: ECOLOGY

Max. Marks: 55Time Allowed: 3 hoursPass marks: 35%Lectures to be delivered: 45Theory-40(Each of 45 minutes duration)

Internal Assessment: 15

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 8 short-answer type questions (8 to 10 lines) which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry 16 marks in all.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each section A and B and the entire section C, which is compulsory.

SECTION-A

II. Ecology

1. Ecology : Subdivisions and scope of ecology.

2. Ecosystem : Components, ecological energetics, food web, introduction to

major ecosystems of the world.

3. Ecological factors : Temperature, light and soil as ecological factors.

4. Nutrients : Biogeochemical cycles and concept of limiting factors.

5. Ecological adaptations: Morphological, physiological and behavioural adaptations in

animals in different habitats.

SECTION-B

III. Environmental Studies:

I. Environmental education: Importance of Biodiversity.

II. Population : Characteristics and regulation of population.

III. Inter and Intra specific : Competition, predation, parasitism, relationships

commensalisms & mutualism.

IV. Natural resources : Renewable and non-renewable natural resources

and their conservations.

V. Environmental degradation: Causes, impact and control of air, soil, water and

noise pollution (in general).

PRACTICAL PAPER (Pertaining to paper I & II)

Max. Marks: 40 Time Allowed: 3 hours
Pass Marks: 35%

- 1. Classification upto orders with morphological notes of the following animals:
- A. Arthropoda: Peripatus, Palaemon (Prawn), Lobster, Cancer (Crab), Sacculina, Eupagurus (Hermit crab), Lepas, Balanus, Cyclops, Daphnia, Lepisma, Periplaneta (Cockroach), Schistocerca (Locust), Poecilocerus (Ak grasshopper), Gryllus, (Cricket), Mantis (Praying mantis), Cicada, Forficula (Earwig), Dragonfly, termite queen, bug, moth, beetle, Polistes (Wasp), Apis (Honey bee), Bombyx, Pediculus (Body louse), Millipede and Centipede, Palamnaeus (Scorpion), Aranea (Spider), and Limulus (King crab).
- B. Mollusca : Anodonta, Mytilus, Ostrea, Cardium, Pholas, Solen (Razor fish), Pecten, Haliotis, Patella, Aplysia, Doris, Limax, Loligo, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus shell (Complete and T.S.), Chiton and Dentalium.
- C. Echinodermata: Asterias, Echinus, Ophiothrix and Antedon.
- **D.** Hemichordata: Balanoglossus.
- 2. Dissections of the following animals:
- I. Major dissections:
 - A. *Periplaneta* (Cockroach) : Digestive and nervous systems.
 - B. Pila : Pallial complex, digestive and nervous systems.

II. Minor dissections:

Mouth parts and trachea of cockroach, radula of *Pila*, appendages of Prawn

3. ECOLOGY:

- A. Study of animal adaptations with the help of specimens, charts and models.
- B. Study of biotic components of an ecosystem.
- C. Study of different types of nests of birds.
- D. Study and preparation of zoogeographical charts.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRACTICAL PAPER

- 1. Candidates will be required to submit their original note-books containing record of their laboratory work initiated with date by their teachers at the time of practical examination.
- 2. Students must be taken out for short excursion to the Zoological gardens, sea shores and hill stations to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3. Practical examination shall be held in one session from 9.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon.
- 4. Practical examination is to be conducted by two external examiners.

Max. Marks: 40 Time Allowed: 3 hours
Pass Marks: 35%

- Museum Specimens from Phylum Arthropoda, Mollusca, Echinodermata to Hemichordata. 3 specimens to be set for identification, classification and morphological note.
- Demonstration regarding dissection
 One experiment pertaining to Ecology (animal adaptation, next in birds)
 Excursion note
 Viva-voce
 Practical note-book and charts

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. De Robertis, EDP, Dc Robertis, E.M.F., *Cell Biology and Molecular Biology*, Eighth Edition. W.B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, 1995.
- 2. Powar, C.B., Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1999.
- 3. Alberts, B Bray, D., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., Watson, J.D., *Molecular Biology of the Cell*, Gerland Publ. Inc., New York, 1998.
- 4. Kormondy E. J., *Concepts of Ecology*, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall Inc., 1975.
- 5. Kreb C. J., *Ecology*, Harper & Row, New York, 1982.
- 6. E.P. Odum, Fundamentals of Ecology, W.B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, 1995.
- 7. Dhami P. S. & Dhami J. K., *Invertebrates*, R. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2001.
- 8. Barnes, R.D., *Invertebrates Zoology*, W.B. Saunders Philadelphia, 1999.

SUPPLEMENTARY READINGS

- 1. E. L. Jordan and others: *Invertebrate Zoology*, 14th ed. Rep. 2002 ISBN: 81-219-0367X.
- 2. Ashok Sabharwal & S. K. Malhotra: *Modern Zoology*, Vol. I, Modern Publishers.
- 3. P. S. Verma & V. K. Aggarwal: *Environmental Biology*, 4th ed. Rep. 2003.